

DATA	Veh 1:
Veh Wt:	3331.00
Pass Wt:	210.00
Hood Ht:	28.00
Ped Wt:	39.00
Ped Ht:	64.00
Ped F:	0.687
1. Ped C/M:	37.00
1. Ped AirD:	20.90
1. Ped Throw:	33.90
1. Ped Slide:	13.00
1. 1st Evid:	-5.20
1. Braking?:	Y
1. Imp - VFrt:	46.50
1. VC Speed:	
1. VC Mu:	
1. VC Dist:	
1. Pre-Skid:	-46.50
1. Radar (Braking):	
1. Radar (Impact):	39.00
2. Ped C/M:	37.00
2. Ped AirD:	22.70
2. Ped Throw:	35.50
2. Ped Slide:	12.80
2. 1st Evid:	9.00
2. Braking?:	Y
2. Imp - VFrt:	43.60
2. VC Speed:	35.80
2. VC Mu:	0.74
2. VC Dist:	59.60
2. Pre-Skid:	16.00
2. Radar (Braking):	
2. Radar (Impact):	34.00
3. Ped C/M:	37.00
3. Ped AirD:	41.60
3. Ped Throw:	59.30
3. Ped Slide:	17.70
3. 1st Evid:	-6.80
3. Braking?:	N
3. Imp - VFrt:	
3. VC Speed:	
3. VC Mu:	
3. VC Dist:	
3. Pre-Skid:	0.00
3. Radar (Braking):	
3. Radar (Impact):	41.00
4. Ped C/M:	36.00
4. Ped AirD:	16.80

You cannot change the data in the colored cells, or the res
Only the "White" data cells can be changed by you so as to

Drag Tests:		
Weight:	39	lb
# Tests:	10	
Results:	25	27
	26	27
	27	27
	27	27
	28	27
Totals:	268	
Avg:	26.80	
Calc'd F:	0.687	

Inches to D
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12

Instructor 1:	Greg Gravesen
Instructor 2:	Mike Reade

Take-Off Angles:	
Minimum:	10 degrees
Maximum:	20 degrees

Carry Distances:	
Carry Test 1:	3.60 ft
Carry Test 2:	3.52 ft
Carry Test 3:	4.32 ft
Carry Test 4:	2.00 ft
Carry Test 5:	ft
Carry Test 6:	ft
Carry Test 7:	ft
Carry Test 8:	ft
Carry Test 9:	ft
Carry Test 10:	ft

Video/Actual Take-off Angles:	
Carry Test 1:	10 Degrees
Carry Test 2:	10 Degrees

4. Ped Throw:	24.40
4. Ped Slide:	7.60
4. 1st Evid:	-5.00
4. Braking?:	Y
4. Imp - VFrt:	25.10
4. VC Speed:	33.50
4. VC Mu:	0.72
4. VC Dist:	53.20
4. Pre-Skid:	28.10
4. Radar (Braking):	
4. Radar (Impact):	31.00

5. Ped C/M:	
5. Ped AirD:	
5. Ped Throw:	
5. Ped Slide:	0.00
5. 1st Evid:	
5. Braking?:	
5. Imp - VFrt:	
5. VC Speed:	
5. VC Mu:	
5. VC Dist:	
5. Pre-Skid:	0.00
5. Radar (Braking):	
5. Radar (Impact):	

6. Ped C/M:	
6. Ped AirD:	
6. Ped Throw:	
6. Ped Slide:	0.00
6. 1st Evid:	
6. Braking?:	
6. Imp - VFrt:	
6. VC Speed:	
6. VC Mu:	
6. VC Dist:	
6. Pre-Skid:	0.00
6. Radar (Braking):	
6. Radar (Impact):	

7. Ped C/M:	
7. Ped AirD:	
7. Ped Throw:	
7. Ped Slide:	0.00
7. 1st Evid:	
7. Braking?:	
7. Imp - VFrt:	
7. VC Speed:	
7. VC Mu:	
7. VC Dist:	
7. Pre-Skid:	0.00
7. Radar (Braking):	

Carry Test 3:	10 Degrees
Carry Test 4:	16 Degrees
Carry Test 5:	Degrees
Carry Test 6:	Degrees
Carry Test 7:	Degrees
Carry Test 8:	Degrees
Carry Test 9:	Degrees
Carry Test 10:	Degrees

Result will be calculated automatically.
To prevent accidental data removal.

Decimal Feet:	
1/8 inch =	0.08 feet
1/4 inches =	0.17 feet
3/8 inches =	0.25 feet
1/2 inches =	0.33 feet
5/8 inches =	0.42 feet
3/4 inches =	0.50 feet
7/8 inches =	0.58 feet
15/16 inches =	0.67 feet
1 inches =	0.75 feet
1 1/16 inches =	0.83 feet
1 1/8 inches =	0.92 feet
1 1/4 inches =	1.00 feet



Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis



Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade

Date: 08-Dec-10

Place: Nashville, TN

Vehicle: 2002 Ford Taurus
 VIN: 1FAFP53U12A165558
 OL: 198 inches
 OW: 73 inches
 WB: 109 inches
 FOH: 42 inches
 ROH: 47 inches
 Weight: 3,541.00 lb
 Hood H: 28 inches

Searle (Angle):

$$V = \frac{\sqrt{2 \times \mu \times g \times d}}{[\cos \theta + (\mu \times \sin \theta)]}$$

Searle (Mass & Carry):

$$V_{\min} = \frac{M + m}{M} \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \text{Carry})}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

Searle Maximim:

$$V_{\max} = \sqrt{2 \times \mu \times g \times d}$$

Searle Minimum:

$$V_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \times \mu \times g \times d}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

Crash Data:	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Test 9	Test 10
Ped Ht (in.):	64	64	64	64	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped C/M Ht (in.):	37	37	37	36	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped Slide D (ft.):	13	12.8	17.7	7.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Airborne D (ft.):	20.9	22.7	41.6	16.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped f-Value:	0.687	0.687	0.687	0.687	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Throw D (ft.):	33.9	35.5	59.3	24.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Takeoff (Min):	10	10	10	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Takeoff (Max.):	20	20	20	20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1st Evid. (ft):	-5.2	9	-6.8	-5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped Weight (lb):	39	39	39	39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Vehicle Data:	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Test 9	Test 10
Hood Height (in.):	28	28	28	28	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
C/M - Hood Change (in.):	9	9	9	8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Braking (Yes=Y/No=N):	Y	Y	N	Y	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
VC Skid Total (ft.):	N/A	59.6	N/A	53.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
VC Skid Impact (ft.):	N/A	16	N/A	28.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
VC f-Value:	N/A	0.74	N/A	0.72	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
VC Impact Spd (mph):	N/A	30.44	N/A	22.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Radar (Start Braking):	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Radar (Impact):	39	34	41	31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Disclaimer: Documentaion is provided to supplement IPTM Crash Testing.
 Additional training required to fully understand the technical analysis.



Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis



Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade

Test 1



Searle Analysis: (1983)

Searle (10 Degree) Takeoff:	23.94 mph
Searle (20 Degree) Takeoff:	22.50 mph
Searle Minimum Formula:	21.79 mph
Searle Maximum Formula:	26.43 mph

NEW Searle Formulae Analysis:

Vehicle Weight: (M)	3,541.00 lb
Pedestrian Weight: (m)	39 lb
Ped C/M Height: (H)	3.08 feet

Vehicle Speed Analysis:

VC Speed - Start of Braking:	N/A mph
VC Speed - Impact:	N/A mph
Radar Speed - Start of Braking:	N/A mph
Radar Speed - Impact:	39.00 mph
IMPACT SPEED To Be Used:	39.00 mph

Searle Minimum Analysis: (1993, 2009)

$$V_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \mu H)}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

= 21.09 mph

Other Calculations:

Speed (With Adjusted Data):	22.63 mph
Throw Minus Carry Distance(ft):	30.30 feet
Location of First Evidence (ft.):	-5.2 feet
% of Speed Attained (Ped):	56%
Difference (C/M vs. Hood H (in.):	9.0 inches
Takeoff From Video (Degrees):	10 Degrees
Carry Distance (ft.):	3.60 feet

Searle Minimum Analysis: (2009)

$$V_{\min} = \frac{M + m}{M} \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \text{Carry})}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

= 20.82 mph

(Percentage is determined by dividing Searle Minimum result by Vehicle Impact Speed)



Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis



Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade

Test 2



Searle Analysis: (1983)

Searle (10 Degree) Takeoff:	24.50 mph
Searle (20 Degree) Takeoff:	23.03 mph
Searle Minimum Formula:	22.29 mph
Searle Maximum Formula:	27.05 mph

NEW Searle Formulae Analysis:

Vehicle Weight: (M)	3,541.00 lb
Pedestrian Weight: (m)	39 lb
Ped C/M Height: (H)	3.08 feet

Vehicle Speed Analysis:

VC Speed - Start of Braking:	35.80 mph
VC Speed - Impact:	30.44 mph
Radar Speed - Start of Braking:	N/A mph
Radar Speed - Impact:	34.00 mph
IMPACT SPEED To Be Used:	30.44 mph

Searle Minimum Analysis: (1993, 2009)

$$V_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \mu H)}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

$$= 21.62 \text{ mph}$$

Other Calculations:

Speed (With Adjusted Data):	23.25 mph
Throw Minus Carry Distance(ft.):	31.98 feet
Location of First Evidence (ft.):	9.0 feet
% of Speed Attained (Ped):	73%
Difference (C/M vs. Hood H (in.):	9.0 inches
Takeoff From Video (Degrees):	10 Degrees
Carry Distance (ft.):	3.52 feet

Searle Minimum Analysis: (2009)

$$V_{\min} = \frac{M + m}{M} \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \text{Carry})}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

$$= 21.39 \text{ mph}$$

(Percentage is determined by dividing Searle Minimum result by Vehicle Impact Speed)

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Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis



Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade

Test 3



Searle Analysis: (1983)

Searle (10 Degree) Takeoff:	31.66 mph
Searle (20 Degree) Takeoff:	29.76 mph
Searle Minimum Formula:	28.81 mph
Searle Maximum Formula:	34.96 mph

NEW Searle Formulae Analysis:

Vehicle Weight: (M)	3,541.00 lb
Pedestrian Weight: (m)	39 lb
Ped C/M Height: (H)	3.08 feet

Vehicle Speed Analysis:

VC Speed - Start of Braking:	N/A mph
VC Speed - Impact:	N/A mph
Radar Speed - Start of Braking:	N/A mph
Radar Speed - Impact:	41.00 mph
IMPACT SPEED To Be Used:	41.00 mph

Searle Minimum Analysis: (1993, 2009)

$$V_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \mu H)}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

$$= 28.30 \text{ mph}$$

Other Calculations:

Speed (With Adjusted Data):	30.49 mph
Throw Minus Carry Distance(ft):	54.98 feet
Location of First Evidence (ft.):	-6.8 feet
% of Speed Attained (Ped):	70%
Difference (C/M vs. Hood H (in.):	9.0 inches
Takeoff From Video (Degrees):	10 Degrees
Carry Distance (ft.):	4.32 feet

Searle Minimum Analysis: (2009)

$$V_{\min} = \frac{M + m}{M} \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \text{Carry})}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

$$= 28.05 \text{ mph}$$

(Percentage is determined by dividing Searle Minimum result by Vehicle Impact Speed)

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Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis



Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade

Test 4



Searle Analysis: (1983)

Searle (10 Degree) Takeoff:	20.31 mph
Searle (20 Degree) Takeoff:	19.09 mph
Searle Minimum Formula:	18.48 mph
Searle Maximum Formula:	22.43 mph

Vehicle Speed Analysis:

VC Speed - Start of Braking:	33.50 mph
VC Speed - Impact:	22.70 mph
Radar Speed - Start of Braking:	N/A mph
Radar Speed - Impact:	31.00 mph
IMPACT SPEED To Be Used:	22.70 mph

Other Calculations:

Speed (With Adjusted Data):	18.67 mph
Throw Minus Carry Distance(ft):	22.40 feet
Location of First Evidence (ft.):	-5.0 feet
% of Speed Attained (Ped):	81%
Difference (C/M vs. Hood H (in.):	8.0 inches
Takeoff From Video (Degrees):	16 Degrees
Carry Distance (ft.):	2.00 feet

NEW Searle Formulae Analysis:

Vehicle Weight: (M)	3,541.00 lb
Pedestrian Weight: (m)	39 lb
Ped C/M Height: (H)	3.00 feet

Searle Minimum Analysis: (1993, 2009)

$$V_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \mu H)}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

$$= 17.69 \text{ mph}$$

Searle Minimum Analysis: (2009)

$$V_{\min} = \frac{M + m}{M} \sqrt{\frac{2\mu g(d - \text{Carry})}{1 + \mu^2}}$$

$$= 17.90 \text{ mph}$$

(Percentage is determined by dividing Searle Minimum result by Vehicle Impact Speed)

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Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis



Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade

At the 2009 IPTM Special Problems conference in Orlando, Florida, Dr. John Searle presented an updated paper on pedestrian investigations entitled: **"The application of throw distance formulae."** This paper discusses several topics such as: Measurement of coefficient of friction, Sandbag coefficient of friction on different surfaces, Field and crash test studies, Semi empirical methods, Throw distance formulae, Comparison of throw equations with field data, Application of the throw distance formulae to individual cases, Alternative approach, Future work, Conclusions. Additionally, this papers discusses several F.A.Q. in the application of the throw distance formulae, the Protocol for the measurement of coefficient of friction, the Derivation of the throw distance formulae and the Layout of example calculation, the calculation of vehicle speed from pedestrian throw distance. The formula below determines the amount of horizontal speed loss after the pedestrian has been projected into the air from a height above the ground. The loss of speed in "feet per second" is added to the results of the pedestrian's slide to stop action along the road surface.

Searle (Horizontal Speed Loss on Landing - 2009):

Where:

- μ = Pedestrian Sliding Friction
- V_y = Original Vertical Velocity
- g = Gravity (32.2 f/s/s)
- H = Height Pedestrian Projected From
- θ = Takeoff Angle (degrees)

$$\text{Horizontal Speed Loss on Landing} = \mu \sqrt{V_y^2 + 2gH}$$

Horizontal Speed Loss: 11.60 mph (AVG)

DATA	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Test 7	Test 8	Test 9	Test 10
Impact Speed (mph):	39.00	30.44	41.00	22.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped Slide Distance:	13.00	12.80	17.70	7.60	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped Sliding μ :	0.69	0.69	0.69	0.69	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Projectile Takeoff θ :	10.00	10.00	10.00	16.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Original Vertical Vel:	98.65	60.09	109.03	84.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped C/M Height (ft.):	3.08	3.08	3.08	3.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ped Slide Speed (fps):	23.98	23.80	27.98	18.34	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Velocity Loss (Landing):	11.84	11.05	12.05	11.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Searle Totals (fps):	35.83	34.85	40.03	29.78	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Impact Velocity (fps):	57.20	44.64	60.13	33.29	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Difference (fps):	-21.37	-9.79	-20.10	-3.51	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Difference (mph):	-14.57	-6.68	-13.70	-2.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Negative values under-estimate the vehicle's impact speed

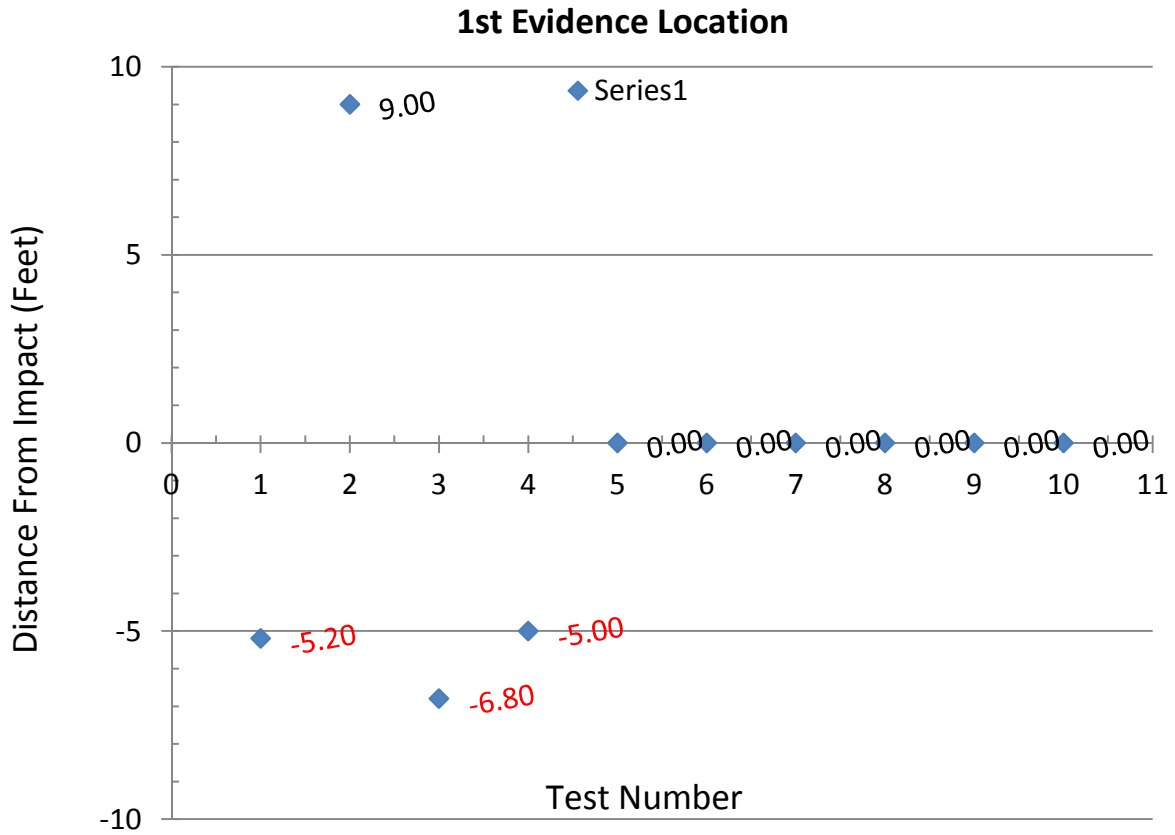
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Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis



Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade

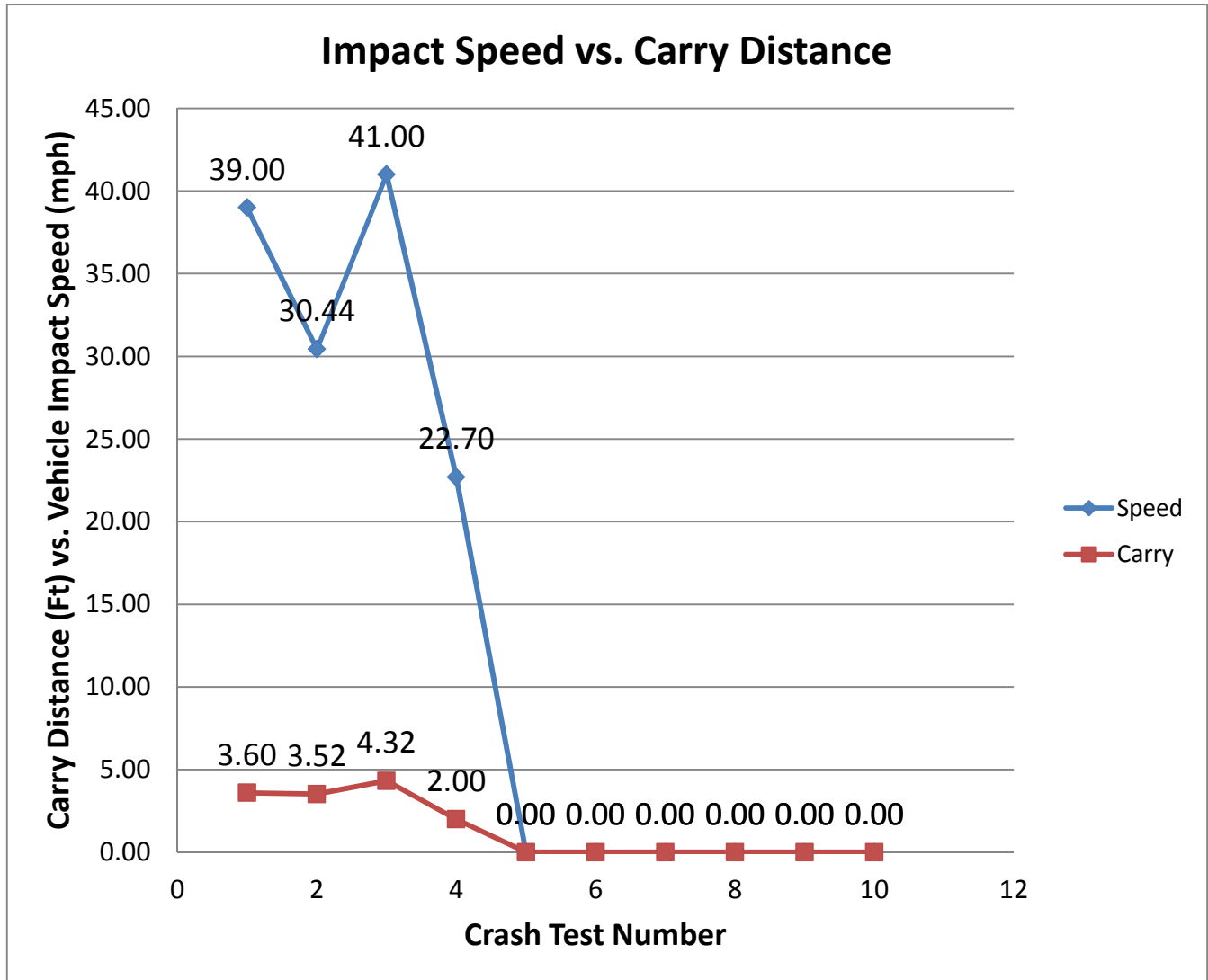


The above graph represents the location of the "1st" Evidence after impact. The longitudinal distance was measured from the impact location either forward or backward. In cases where the 1st Evidence lands before impact, the value is shown as a "RED" negative number.



Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Analysis

Instructors: Greg Gravesen & Mike Reade



Data	Speed	Carry
Test 1:	39.00	3.60
Test 2:	30.44	3.52
Test 3:	41.00	4.32
Test 4:	22.70	2.00
Test 5:	N/A	N/A
Test 6:	N/A	N/A
Test 7:	N/A	N/A
Test 8:	N/A	N/A
Test 9:	N/A	N/A
Test 10:	N/A	N/A
Average:		3.36

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